# Mesothelioma among Employees with Likely Contact with in-Place Asbestos-Containing Building Materials<sup>a</sup>

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When construction workers completed their tasks, care of new buildings became the responsibility of maintenance employees. Sometimes obviously, and at other times insidiously, asbestos-containing building material (ACBM) deteriorated or was physically damaged, necessitating repair or replacement. Not identified as a public health priority, such maintenance was often deferred when it was not cosmetically necessary.

Although the health hazard of asbestos exposure from thermal asbestos insulation during building maintenance work was recognized as early as 1932,<sup>2</sup> and concerns were raised about the potential health hazard of spray-applied ACBM in 1932<sup>3</sup> and 1953,<sup>4</sup> quantitative industrial hygiene assessment of exposure circumstances was not begun until the 1970s.<sup>5,6</sup> Health investigations have begun describing asbestos-associated diseases among workers exposed to ACBM during the course of their usual work.<sup>7-12</sup>

In 1984 the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) conducted a national survey of buildings to estimate the extent of friable ACBM in existing structures. They concluded that approximately 31,000 schools and 733,000 public and commercial buildings were likely to contain such materials. <sup>13</sup> Priority has been placed upon addressing the ACBM in schools.

The Wisconsin Division of Health (WDOH) within the Wisconsin Department of Health and Social Services (WDHSS) has served as the lead agency for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) School Asbestos Programs since 1979.

Wisconsin has 429 public-school districts containing 1,923 schools with a total of 2,230 buildings. There are an additional 986 private-school districts containing 1,014 schools with 1,142 buildings, and 18 government-school districts (state, county) with 28 schools and 107 buildings. All these schools are regulated under the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA).

Under AHERA regulations, all school districts were required to submit asbestos management plans to WDOH for review by October 1988. The WDOH developed and maintains a computerized database program for storing data abstracted

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during the management plan review. TABLE 1 summarizes the status of ACBM identified from the inspections done to prepare the AHERA management plans. Significantly damaged friable thermal system insulation was reported from 37% of the public-school districts, but from only 15% of the private-school districts. Significantly damaged friable surfacing ACBM was reported by 4% of public- and 1% of private-school districts. While 96% of public- and 86% of private-school districts reported nonfriable miscellaneous ACBM (primarily floor and ceiling tile), only 2% of public and 0.2% of private districts found significantly damaged miscellaneous materials.

# Wisconsin Occupational Exposure and Disease Surveillance

No national occupational exposure or disease surveillance program exists in the United States. The fragmented and unreliable status of our ability to characterize the impact of past and future work-site exposures on the public's health was characterized first in 1984 congressional testimony<sup>14</sup> and later in a 1987 report from the National Academy of Sciences.<sup>15</sup>

TABLE 1. Asbestos-Containing Materials in Wisconsin Schools: Summary of 1989 AHERA Plan Reviews

- ·	The	rmal	Surf	acing	Misce	laneous
<u> </u>	Friable	Damaged	Friable	Damaged	Friable	Damaged
Public-school districts (n = 411) Private- school	326 (79%)	153 (37%)	78 (19%)	16 (4%)	91 (22%)	9 (2%)
districts $(n = 872)$	424 (49%)	130 (15%)	105 (12%)	8 (1%)	48 ( 5%)	2 (0.2%)

To begin to address occupational and environmental health surveillance needs in Wisconsin, the WDHSS entered into a five-year (1984–1988) cooperative agreement with the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). The intent was to evaluate existing Wisconsin data systems for utility in occupational disease and injury surveillance and to pilot selective sentinel disease surveillance.

In 1987 the pilot surveillance activities were expanded under the NIOSH Sentinel Event Notification System for Occupational Risks (SENSOR) initiative to include sentinel physician reports and investigative intervention.

# **METHODS**

# Surveillance Data Systems Utilized

# 1. Wisconsin Vital Statistics Registration System (VSRS)16

The Vital Statistics Registration System in Wisconsin was converted to a computer data base beginning in 1959. Cause of death is coded by a certified

nosologist using current International Classification of Disease (ICD) codes. Usual occupation of the deceased, coded by a certified nosologist using the United States Bureau of the Census Codes, became part of the initial electronic file. Beginning in 1981, usual industry was coded and added to the VSRS. Multiple cause of death coding has been employed since 1973.

# 2. Cancer Reporting System (CRS)17

In 1978, Wisconsin implemented a statutorily mandated, population-based, state-wide, Cancer Reporting System (CRS). All primary neoplasms, except basal cell and squamous cell carcinoma of the skin, are reportable. The system is maintained by the Wisconsin Center for Health Statistics and obtains information from all acute-care general medical-surgical hospitals in the state. Each hospitalization is reported. The CRS identifies duplicate reports, and then serially updates each case record to reflect the most current and definitive diagnoses including

TABLE 2. ICD Cause of Death Codes Reviewed to Identify Mesotheliomas

ICD-7 (1958–1967)	ICD-8 (1968–1978)	ICD-9 (1979- )
158	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>
_	158. <del>9</del>	158.9
_	_	162
-	163.0	163.0
197.9		_
	199.1	199.1
	_	199.9
211	_	_
212	_	_
_	212.3	_
_	212.4	212.4
227	_	_
	228	<del>_</del> .
_	_	<b>229.9</b> ·

findings at autopsy, if performed. The ICD-9 extension codes for Oncology histology (morphology) are utilized. Annually, the VSRS records are electronically searched to identify CRS fatalities. Identified matches are then incorporated into the CRS data system.

Physicians and pathology laboratories began reporting nonhospitalized patients with cancer in 1987.

# 3. Wisconsin Mesothelioma Surveillance

The VSRS and the CRS form the basis of Wisconsin's mesothelioma surveillance system.

The electronic VSRS spans three International Classification of Disease (ICD) coding revisions; ICD-7 (1958-1967), ICD-8 (1968-1978), and ICD-9 (1979-present). Unfortunately, until ICD-9, there were no codes specific for either pleural or peritoneal mesothelioma.

(ICD) codes. gist using the tial electronic SRS, Multiple

ilation-based, , except basal he system is s information ach hospitalrially updates ses including

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cology histollectronically porated into

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isease (ICD) CD-9 (1979ceither pleuState nosologists were asked to identify the ICD codes most likely to have been used for mesothelioma during the periods of the different ICD revisions (TABLE 2). For the years 1959-1982, death certificates in the VSRS with these codes were identified and the individual microfilmed death certificate reviewed. Certificates with any mention of mesothelioma as a contributing cause of death were flagged.

Beginning in 1983, a system was instituted whereby, upon receipt of a death certificate with any mention of mesothelioma, a nosologist would flag the certificate at the time it was coded and the epidemiology program was notified.

The CRS informational base was searched for all mentions of ICD-9 extension, Oncology histology (morphology) codes, 9050-9053, which are indicative of mesothelioma. Cases that were not duplicates of the VSRS-identified cases were added to the surveillance system.

It was feasible to reconstruct lifetime occupational histories from medical records (since 1983, all Wisconsin in-patient medical records must contain an occupational history) augmented by interviews with next-of-kin and treating physicians. State data sources, such as professional licensure records and public employee service records, could be used to verify reports concerning length of service and public employment classification. For school employees, current AHERA building asbestos inspection reports could serve to verify the presence of ACBM and its current status in school buildings.

# Descriptive Epidemiology

This report is the first investigation to utilize the Wisconsin mesothelioma surveillance system. We chose to investigate mesothelioma deaths in which usual occupation or industry on the death certificate identified public building custodian/janitor/maintenance workers as well as commercial or manufacturing facility maintenance and repair employment.

Additionally, because there is public health concern that school teachers may be exposed to asbestos released from friable ACBM and therefore be at risk of developing mesothelioma, we investigated deaths of mesothelioma among school

teachers.

We began by reviewing the death certificate information on usual occupation and industry found in the mesothelioma surveillance system. This review led to 41 detailed mesothelioma case investigations.

For this investigation, lifetime occupational histories were reconstructed utilizing four sources of information. First, CRS data and medical records were sought and, when available, reviewed to verify the diagnosis and to identify occupational history and asbestos exposure references. Second, self-administered questionnaires were sent to next-of-kin requesting information including demographics, smoking history, educational attainment (including names of schools attended), military service, father's occupation, employment history since first job, and whether the informant believed the individual had been exposed to asbestos and how. Third, a telephone interview with the next-of-kin was attempted to obtain the exposure information contained in the questionnaire when the self-administered questionnaire was not returned, or when information provided was incomplete or additional specific detail was desired. Fourth, for public employees, personnel and pension fund offices were queried to verify dates of public employement.

TABLE 3. Mesothelioma as a Cause of Death: Wisconsin Vital Records, 1959-1988

	S	ex	
Years of Death	Female	Male	All
19591963	3 (75%)	1 (25%)	4
1964-1968	4 (57%)	3 (43%)	7
1969-1973	6 (32%)	13 (68%)	19
1974-1978	13 (36%)	23 (64%)	36
19791983	25 (23%)	86 (77%)	111
19841988	48 (27%)	133 (73%)	182
All	99 (28%)	259 (72%)	359

### RESULTS

### Mesothelioma Surveillance

The mesothelioma surveillance system (1959–1989) contains 573 mesothelioma reports (160 females and 413 males). This includes 410 deaths with mesothelioma identified as an underlying or contributing cause of death (397 Wisconsin residents and 13 nonresidents who died while in Wisconsin institutions). The CRS contains an additional 77 deaths among those with diagnoses of mesothelioma for which the death certificate did not specifically mention mesothelioma (74 residents and 3 nonresidents). The vital status of the remaining 63 Wisconsin residents and 23 nonresidents is unknown.

Because the CRS was not in existence for all the years covered by the surveillance system, mortality trends were examined utilizing only the information obtained from the VSRS. Table 3 summarizes the 359 deaths in Wisconsin residents (1959–1988) which identified mesothelioma as an underlying or contributing cause on the death certificate. Data on some, but not all, deaths from 1989–1990 are available.

The mesothelioma case mortality for the period 1979-1988, during which the CRS was fully operational, is summarized in TABLE 4. This includes all deaths among Wisconsin residents with diagnoses of mesothelioma, whether or not the death certificate mentioned mesothelioma. The CRS identified 19% more mesothelioma deaths than did the death certificates alone.

# Mesothelioma among Maintenance Workers

TABLES 5, 6, 7, and 8 summarize the occupational information obtained from the 29 detailed investigations of those identified as performing maintenance work.

TABLE 4. Deaths among CRS Mesothelioma Cases: 1979-1988

	S	Sex	
Years of Death	Female	Male	Ali
1979-1983	32 (23%)	105 (77%)	137
19841988	64 (29%)	160 (71%)	224
All	96 (27%)	265 (73%)	361

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rables. Mesothelioma Deaths among School Maintenance Employees Identified by Usual Occupation and Industry on Death

DC Industry: Public schools Cement and masonry work; laid sidewalks, curbs, driveways for city, worked outdoors General maintenance for public school district; cleaning, washing walls, ceilings, floors, minor repairs DC Occupation: Custodian U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; built bridges in Europe Year of death: 1979 Age: 61 Lifetime Occupational History Sex: Male Certificate (DC) Type: Pleura 1968-1979 24-124 947-1967

School district paint crew; 75% indoors, painting logos on gym floors, washed and maintained walls and ceilings during school year, painted exterior and interiors full time during school recesses Reported being present during school renovations involving removal of asbestos materials. Employed in same school district DC Industry: School board Machine operator; cold metal forge company, stamping metal parts for military equipment DC Occupation: Painter Sex: Male Age: 73 Year of death: 1980 Painting; owned sign-writing business Lifetime Occupational History Type: Pleura Comments: 1925-1941 941-1946 1946-1968

DC Industry: Technical college Maintenance; vocational school, last 8 years supervised all maintenance staff. Participated in and later supervised annual Age: 65 Year of death: 1983 DC Occupation: Maintenance engineer Part-time clerking jobs; pumped gasoline at small family-run station Carpenter; building barns, some residential framing U.S. Army; drove truck in Europe cleaning and repair of boilers Lifetime Occupational History Sex: Male Type: Pleura 1942-1946 1952-1980 1935--1941 946-1951

Maintenance department handled all but major renovations Comments:

# (TABLE 5. Continued)

Lifetime Occupation 1925-1942 Reside 1942-1945 Machi	The section of Lines.		rear of death; 1964	1201	DC Occupatio	in: Constru	DC Occupation: Construction supervisor	DC Industry: School hoard
1942-1945	upanonai History Decidential constantion: fother's huilding account	77	. Good and a		-		<u>.</u>	
	Machine shop;	military e	ine short, military equipment manufacturing plant	nuig comi	og plant			
1948-1957	City building inspector	spector						
1957-1969	School district	general co	ontractor; sup	ervised fo	or district the L	. Jo gnibling	5 schools; participa	School district general contractor; supervised for district the building of 5 schools; participated in multiple major repair and
Comments:	reconstruction projects, including ceilings Calcified pleural plaque noted; awarded w	projects, at plaque i	including ceili noted; awarde	ngs d worker	's compensatio	n. Employ	struction projects, including ceilings led pleural plaque noted; awarded worker's compensation. Employed in same school district as Case 2.	listrict as Case 2.
Case 5								
Type: Pleura	Sex:	Male Age: 68	Year of death: 1985	h: 1985	DC Occupation: Custodian	on: Custodi	ian	DC Industry: School system
Lifetime Occupation 1936-1940 Odd jo	upational History Odd jobs, surface labor at coal mine	ace labor	at coal mine					
1941–1945	U.S. Army Infantry in Europe, shot in left lung	antry in E	Surope, shot in	, լեք կող				
1940-1949	Carpenter; low-income home construction School studied printing	-income h	nome construc	tion				
	Shipping depar	tment: m	ing department: metal parts plant	_				
	Machine operator; metal parts manufacturing	tor; meta	parts manufa	cturing				
1955-1975	School custodi	an; genera	ul maintenance	e, carpen	School custodian; general maintenance, carpentry, painting, plumbing repairs	lumbing re	pairs	
Comments:	Colon cancer r	cancer removed in 1954.	cancer removed in 1954.					
Case 6								
Type: Pleura	Sex: Male	Age: 62	Year of death: 1986	9861 ։կ	DC Occupation: Custodian	n: Custodia	เลา	DC Industry: Public school
Lifetime Occi	Lifetime Occupational History	2						
1941-1945	U.S. Navy; catapult operator on aircraft carrier and battleship in Pacific	apult ope	rator on aircra	uft carrier	and battleship	in Pacific	-	
	Telephone company; installing dial telephone systems	pany; ins	talling dial tele	sphone sy	/stems			
_		part-time	residential co	nstruction	in store; part-time residential construction during summers	ers		
1981-1861	Paper manutac	turing con	manutacturing company; extrusion machine operator	on machi	ne operator			
	Automobile tire sales	Sales	7		•			
	oneet-metal shop; manufactured dryers for paper companies. Public school custodian; helped clean boilers each year; clea	op; manur ustodian;	actured dryer: helped clean l	s for papa Soilers ea	er companies ch vear: clean	ing and ma	úntenance durino co	metat snop; manutactured dryers for paper companies school custodian; helped clean boilers each vear: cleaning and maintenance during school vear: huitding renair during
÷	summer.		•			0		icol year, canding lepail t
Comments:	Wife believes a	sbestos w	as used in the	paper in	dustry dryer m	achines, b	out in the assembly a	Wife believes asbestos was used in the paper industry dryer machines, but in the assembly area of the plant not the sheet-
	metal shop. He	did not r	ecall handling	or seeing	shop. He did not recall handling or seeing asbestos used in the sheet-metal shop.	I in the she	et-metal shop.	•

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DC Industry: University ial abated at the school; employed at	DC Industry: Board of education	rades were housed; built cabinets in I woodwork in schools; did painting 's were done, Wife believes their	DC Industry; Elementary school	boiler functioning	vithin I mile of this asbestos-using	DC Industry: University	bags had to be emptied by hand; very
Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 52 Year of death: 1987 DC Occupation: Facilities repairman DC Industry: University  Lifetime Occupational History 1950-1972 Fishing tackle manufacturing: assembled lures 1972-1987 University maintenance, facilities repair; ACBM repair performed 1972-1987 University maintenance, facilities repair; ACBM repair performed Comments: Worker's compensation awarded; friable asbestos containing thermal and surfacing material abated at the school; employed at	same university facility as Case 10  Case 8  Tyne: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 73 Year of death: 1987 DC Occupation: Cabinet maker	street car/bus School board shop then inst	Case 9 Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 77 Year of death: 1987 DC Occupation: Power plant employee	- 2	1958-1972 Tavern; owner/operator 1958-1972 Tavern; owner/operator of this asbestos-using 1972-1974 Managed a drugstore 1972-1974 Managed a drugstore Comments: Public-service power plant across from asbestos products manufacturing facility; lived within I mile of this asbestos-using Comments: Public-service power plant across from asbestos products manufacturing facility; lived within I mile of this asbestos-using Comments: Public-service power plant across from asbestos products manufacturing facility; lived within I mile of this asbestos-using comments:	Case 10 Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 56 Year of death: 1989 DC Occupation: Custodian	 1977-1978 Unemployed 1977-1978 Maintenance custodian at university; cleaning, vacuuming, light bulbs 1978-1989 Maintenance custodian at crumbling acoustical asbestos ceiling, heavy dust; vacuum bags had to be emptied by hand; very Comments: Maintained auditorium with crumbling acoustical asbestos ceiling, heavy dust; vacuum bags had to be emptied by hand; very Comments: Maintained auditorium with crumbling as Case 7.

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TABLE 6. Mesothelioma Deaths among Public Building Maintenance Employees Identified by Usual Occupation and Industry

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DC Industry: City City plumbing inspector; visited work sites to assure new and renovated plumbing met codes Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 60 Year of death: 1981 DC Occupation: Superintendent of building Plumber; repairs in residential buildings and some work installing pipes under streets Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 65 Year of death: 1974 DC Occupation: Plumbing inspector Shipyard; steamfitter/pipefitter building submarines Master plumber; new construction and repairs Lifetime Occupational History on Death Certificate (DC) 1944–1954 1954–1974 1926-1940 941-1943 Case 2

County stationary engineer; initially full time in boiler room, then job expanded to include general maintenance in all county DC Industry: County buildings; last 8 years located only in county courthouse doing maintenance and custodial work U.S. Navy; engineering aboard aircraft carrier Theater; building maintenance Tannery; laborer Lifetime Occupational History 1949-1949 946-1948 1950-1980

DC Industry: City fire department Sex: Male Age: 79 Year of death: 1983 DC Occupation: Captain Lifetime Occupational History **Fype: Pleura** 1923-1925

Building maintenance; did all general repairs and custodial work in sheltered workshop building City fire department; did all jobs, promoted to captain in charge of firehouse Fractor assembly company Comments: 1926-1957 1957-1977

Interstitial fibrosis on chest X-ray in 1979. Wife reports that for 2 years while working for fire department subject did part-time work with a furnace company doing service calls and may have been involved with one or two furnace installation jobs. She also reported that recently an outside contractor was brought in to do asbestos abatement in the workshop building he main-

Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 70 Year of death: 1985 DC Occupation: Building inspector Store clerk; CCC forestry camp Lifetime Occupational History 932-1939

U.S. Army; Infantry (Europe, Africa, Italy)

939-1945

DC Industry: City

Railroad; brakeman Bar supplies sales 946-1948 § 1952-1953 948-1951

Brewery warehouseman

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Residential construction; carpenter, concrete laying 1953-1958

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U.S. Air Force; flight simulator training instructor, no overseas duty City employee; electricians union, did work in city electric power-generating plant, city building electrical systems repair & DC Industry: County DC Industry: County DC Industry: City U.S. Army; radio operator in Alaska, some time spent as radioman on an army boat. Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 76 Year of death: 1989 DC Occupation: Electrical inspector Mobile home construction (part-time in Texas); applied liquid roofing material Sex; Male Age: 64 Year of death: 1988 DC Occupation: Maintenance Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 53 Year of death: 1989 DC Occupation: Electrician County courthouse; general maintenance and repairs maintenance; also electric wiring inspector for city Residential construction; carpenter, concrete laying General construction labor; built high school Calcified pleural plaques noted on autopsy Bricklayer for residential construction Manufacturing; aluminum pots & pans Aerospace industry; missile parts Residential construction Switchman for railroad Return to Wisconsin Bank clerk; teller Lifetime Occupational History Lifetime Occupational History fype: Pleura Comments: 1932-1939 941-1943 943-1979 0/61-19/0 939-1941 951-1966 1971-1978 1979-1987 942-1946 946-1950 967-1972 1972-1984 1959-1962 1962-1966 Case 6 Case 5

Brewery warehouseman

1952-1953 948-1951

Railroad; brakeman

Became ill in 1983, malignant mesothelioma confirmed at autopsy; worker's compensation awarded. Maintenance electrician for county; worked with cables, conduits, around ACBM Electrician for electrical contractor; worked around insulation in ceilings, walls Comments 1971-1983 966-1971

Automobile manufacturing; personnel office, time sheets

Machinery manufacturing; personnel office

Railroad; electrician apprentice

1963-1966

U.S. Murines; infantry radioman (Korea)

Lifetime Occupational History

1953-1956 956-1959 959-1963

TABLE 7. Mesothelioma Deaths among Private Building Maintenance Employees Identified by Henry Oc

on Death Certificate (DC)	tificate (DC)	anns annong	Tivate Dullullig Mai	on Death Certificate (DC)	Usual Occupation and Industry
Case 1			-		
Type: Pleura	Sex: Male	Age: 51	Year of death: 1982	Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 51 Year of death: 1982 DC Occupation: Building services	DC Industry: Bank
Lifetime Occ	Lifetime Occupational History	77			
1939-1963 Farming	Farming				
		maintenance	and painting; for initial	Bank building maintenance and painting; for initial 5 years did all pine renair work needed	_
1975-1977		upervisor for	Maintenance supervisor for all bank properties		1
Comments:	Building maint	tenance crews	Building maintenance crews handled all maintenance and	Comments: Building maintenance crews handled all maintenance and repairs except major construction renovations; awarded worker's	on renovations; awarded worker's
į	compensation,	retired III 13	// Ownig to diagenc vas	SCULUS	
Case 2			•		
Type: Pleura	Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 69	Age: 69	Year of death: 1986	DC Occupation: Supervisor paint shop	on DC Industry: Hosnital
Lifetime Occ	Lifetime Occupational History	Į,		•	
1935-1946	1935-1946 Pioneer Corps in Israel	in Israel			

Case 3

DC Occupation: Custodian Year of death: 1987 Age: 67 Sex; Male Type: Pleura

Palestine Electrical Corporation; maintenance Emigrated to U.S.; cook, house painting Chair company; upholstering Hospital; supervised housekeeping and maintenance for hospital

1935-1946 1946-1958 1958-1960 1960-1973

DC Industry: Church

Lifetime Occupational History

Plastering and masonry work (residential) 1937-1941

ills Army Air Corps: parachite packer MOL CION

:

ding tearing out	DC Industry; Fur company	જ	DC Industry: Hospital			
h basement (inclu	DC Industi	ılail stores ral building repail	DC Indust			
U.S. Army Air Corps; parachute packer Master sand plasterer (no drywall) Custodian (church); maintained boilers, did painting, helped remove bowling alley from church basement (including tearing out Custodian (church); maintained boilers, did painting, helped remove bowling alley from church); or a parachaster (including tearing out custodian (church); maintained boilers, did painting, helped remove bowling alley from church); maintained boilers, did painting, helped remove bowling alley from church basement (including tearing out	DC Occupation: Janitor	upational History House painter; interiors and exteriors Truck driver; delivered live animals (hogs, chickens) to markets; delivered dressed meat to retail stores Truck driver; delivered live animals (hogs, chickens) to markets; delivered furnace and general building repairs Fur company; janitor/custodian; included maintaining and stoking coal-fired furnace and general building repairs	DC Occupation: Maintenance		alves, gauges	ing
g, helped		ns) to mar ning and st		al beds	boats djusted va	; no climb
hute packer ywall) ned boilers, did paintin	Year of death: 1988	l exteriors animals (hogs, chicker dian; included maintain	Year of death: 1989	upational History Meat market; service counter Assembler; metal furniture manufacturing, hospital beds	Cheese factory Shipyard, manufacturing submarines; labor inside boals Dairy; whey processing; boiler room attendant; adjusted valves, gauges	Disability for impaired vision Hospital custodian/maintenance; windows, floors; no climbing Shipyard work involved working between hulls
U.S. Army Air Corps; parachute packer Master sand plasterer (no drywall) Custodian (church); maintained boilers, old pipes)	Sex: Male Age: 82	upational History House painter; interiors and exteriors Truck driver; delivered live animals (h Truc company; janitor/custodian; inclu	le Age: 77	upational History Meat market; service counter Assembler; metal furniture ma	ory nanufacturing si y processing; b	Disability for impaired vision Hospital custodian/maintenan Shipyard work involved work
U.S. Army A Master sand I Custodian (ch			a Sex: Male	Lifetime Occupational History 1928-1930 Meat market; ser 1931-1937 Assembler; metal		
1942-1946 1946-1964 1964-1982	Case 4 Type; Pleura	Lifetime Occ 1924–1930 1930–1964 1964–1969	Case 5 Type: Pleura	Lifetime Oc 1928–1930 1931–1937	1938–1939 1940–1946 1946–1959	1959–1967 1967–1977 Comments:

1937-1941 Plastering and masonry work (residential)

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TABLE 8. Mesothelioma Deaths among Industrial Maintenance Employees Identified by Usual Occupation and Industry on Death Certificate (DC)

Father was a shipyard pipefitter; worker's compensation awarded; asbestosis with many ferruginous bodies noted at autopsy Landscaping for construction company; spreading gravel, hauling dirt, outside work
Lived with parents; father worked 1941-1970 at an asbestos pipe-producing plant; brother and brother-in-law also worked at DC Industry: Landscaping DC Industry: Industry DC Occupation: General maintenance DC Occupation: Maintenance Maintenance pipefitter; automobile manufacturing plant Metal casting company; iron grills for fences, lawns Maintenance pipefitter; asbestos products plant U.S. Army; medical corps in Washington State Maintenance pipefitter; asbestos products plant Sex: Male Age: 36 Year of death: 1979 Year of death: 1978 Naval shipyard; pipefitter Age: 49 Department store clerk Lifetime Occupational History Lifetime Occupational History the same plant. Sex: Male Farming Type: Pleura Type: Pleura Comments: Comments: 1944-1950 1961-1976 1950-1955 1955-1957 **1962-1966** 1970-1979 1927-1961 1966-1968 969-1970

Sex: Male Age: 45 Year of death: 1980 DC Occupation: Maintenance Type: Pleura

DC Industry: Cheese company Maintenance, hospital, repaired boiler and pipes, general building maintenance Shipyard; general labor (yard built PT boats) Maintenance, chair-manufacturing company felephone company; repaired telephones U.S. Army; radioman Lifetime Occupational History 1959-1966 1953-1954 955-1956 1956-1958 1966-1967

DC Industry: Manufacturing Sext: Male Age: 62 Year of death: 1981' DC Occupation: Maintenance man Farming, CCC camp in Northern Wisconsin Lifetime Occupational History Type: Pleura 1935-1940

Maintenance, part-time, then full-time general building maintenance for cheese marketing company

Maintenance, soda bottling company

1967-1978 1967-1979

Railroad; general labor, laid rail ties 1940-1945

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Shipyard; in mold loft, pattern maker; construction of ore hauling ships
Janitor in public high school; cleaning & minor maintenance
Maintenance; leather products manufacturing plant; pipe & boiler maintenance, building repairs done, supervisor in later years

Lifetime Occupational History 1944-1946 U.S. Army Infantry in Philippines

Drove school bus Farming

1946–1948 1947–1948 1949–1954 1954–1956

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it, handled asbestos siding and	DC Industry: Paper mill Il stock ipes and lights, walls; outdoor	DC Industry: Dairy	DC Industry: Leather products
1946–1947 U.S. Marines; cook in Pacific 1947–1980 Maintenance, fertilizer plant; helped build plant, then hired to maintain building & equipment, handled asbestos siding and roofing materials during repairs	Case 5  Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 57 Year of death: 1981 DC Occupation: Building service man DC Industry: Paper mill Lifetime Occupational History 1943–1946 U.S. Navy; seaman on battleship in Pacific 1947–1951 Residential construction 1952–1960 Paper mill; building services, swept floors, changed lights, other semi-skilled jobs moving roll stock 1960–1963 Paper mill wax line operator; feed & trim stock 1960–1963 Paper mill film extrusion machine operator; load & change rolls 1973–1974 Paper mill graphic arts facility; load press cylinders 1974–1976 Paper mill building services; service of areas above 6 feet off ground, dusted & vacuumed pipes and lights, walls; outdoor grounds (care of grass & snow)	Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 43 Year of death: 1987 DC Occupation: Maintenance supervisor Lifetime Occupational History 1960-1963 Family farm work 1963-1964 Plastics factory laborer; packaging machine 1964-1967 U.S. Navy; engine boilerman in Pacific & Mediterrancan 1968-1968 Multiple factory labor jobs 1969-1969 Welder apprentice; farm equipment manufacturing 1969-1969 Welder for dairy; maintenance, renovation & building projects 1969-1979 Maintenance supervisor for dairy. 1979-1987 Maintenance supervisor for dairy. Comments: Participated in the demolition of three dairy plants which contained asbestos installations	Case 7 Type: Pleura Sex: Male Age: 66 Year of death: 1989 DC Occupation: Maintenance supervisor

All 29 of the maintenance workers reviewed were male and all were diagnosed as having pleural mesothelioma. The mean duration of maintenance work was 20 years, with a range of 5 to 36 years.

Two school districts had each employed two of the ten school school maintenance workers.

Many occupational opportunities for potential asbestos exposure, in addition to maintenance work, were identified. However, for 10 (34%) of the 29 maintenance workers the only identifiable source of potential asbestos exposure was derived from their maintenance work. For five (17%), histories indicated some prior employment in occupations and industries with probable asbestos exposures: four had worked in shipyards and one person had shipyard and asbestos product manufacturing facility employment.

Opportunities for indirect occupational exposure were identified for ten who had spent time in the construction industry. Additionally, four had served aboard ship in the Navy, two of whom were likely to have spent time in the engine rooms of ships. One maintenance worker had household asbestos exposure and one had neighborhood exposure.

If it is assumed that asbestos exposure began on the first year of employment in maintenance work, it is possible to evaluate whether latency periods were sufficient to make it plausible that maintenance work asbestos exposures contributed to the occurrence of the mesotheliomas seen. The mean latency from onset of maintenance work was 26 years. For three individuals the latency was less than 15 years (9, 9, and 11 years). Such short latencies would be unusual, unless we consider the possibility of earlier asbestos exposure during construction work for two and that the third had a history of significant household asbestos exposure as a child. If these possible asbestos exposures are included in the assessment of latency, periods from first identified exposure all exceed 20 years.

# Mesothelioma among School Teachers

TABLE 9 summarizes the occupational information obtained from investigation of the 12 school teachers. There were 6 male and 6 female teachers. All 6 males were diagnosed with pleural mesothelioma, while three of the six cases in females were of peritoneal origin. For 9 (75%) of the school teachers the only identifiable potential source of asbestos exposure was derived from in-place ACBM in their schools. One male teacher had spent one season in the merchant marine aboard an iron ore—hauling ship and had worked outdoors at a coal-burning electric generation plant while attending college. Two other teachers had worked in residential construction. Unexpectedly, two of the teachers were found to be sisters. In two instances, two teachers had taught for some time in the same school.

AHERA information was available concerning the schools in which 8 of the teachers worked. Among these, 6 taught in schools containing friable surfacing material as well as thermal insulation. Two others taught in schools that contained only friable thermal insulation. The status of any ACBM in the schools of the other 4 teachers was unknown.

## DISCUSSION

# Mesothelioma Surveillance

Consistent with worldwide observations over the past 30 years, <sup>18-20</sup> Wisconsin has experienced a markedly increasing prevalence of mesothelioma deaths among

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Case 1 Type: Peritoneum	Sex: Female	Age: 78	Year of death: 1968		DC Occupation: Teacher	I	DC Industry: Teacher
Lifetime Occupational History 1908-1910 Grade school tea 1911-1920 Teachers College 1920-1959 Teacher at 2-yeal Comments: Father was a fart	upational History Grade school teacher in North Dakota Teachers College; taught elementary school te Teacher at 2-year teacher preparatory college Father was a farmer; unmarried; no neighborh surgical tissue diagnosed as mesothelioma. Su	in North Daght elements sher prepara unmarried; i	upational History Grade school teacher in North Dakota Teachers College; taught elementary school teacher-training courses Teacher at 2-year teacher preparatory college Teacher was a farmer; unmarried; no neighborhood exposures; sister Father was a farmer, unmarried in neighborhood exposures sister	-trainin -traosur -trainin -trainin -trainin	pational History Grade school teacher in North Dakota Grade school teachers College; taught elementary school teacher-training courses Teacher at 2-year teacher preparatory college Father was a farmer; unmarried; no neighborhood exposures; sister of Case 2. Laparo surgical tissue diagnosed as mesothelioma. Status of any ACBM in schools unknown.	otomy identified normu	pational History Grade school teacher in North Dakota Teachers College; taught elementary school teacher-training courses Teachers College; taught elementary school teacher-training courses Teacher at 2-year teacher preparatory college Teacher at 2-year teacher preparatory college Father was a farmer; unmarried; no neighborhood exposures; sister of Case 2. Laparotomy identified normul ovaries and no primary tumor site; Father was a farmer; unmarried; no neighborhood exposures; sister of Case 2. Laparotomy identified normul ovaries and no primary tumor site; surgical tissue diagnosed as mesothelioma. Status of any ACBM in schools unknown.
Сазе 2 Туре: Регіtопеит	Sex: Female	Age: 68	Year of death: 1970		DC Occupation: Teacher	-	DC Industry: Public Schools
Lifetime Occupational History 1923-1962 High school hom Comments: Father was a fart AHERA inspecti	Lifetime Occupational History 1923-1962 High school home economics teacher Comments: Father was a farmer; husband was a t AHERA inspection found significantly	pnomics tear husband wa yund signific	icher as a menswear sale: cantly damaged fria	sman; ıble the	pational History High school home economics teacher Father was a farmer; husband was a menswear salesman; no neighborhood exposures; sister of Case 1; diagnosis con AHERA inspection found significantly damaged friable thermal insulation and friable surfacing material in the school	s; sister of Case 1; diag surfacing material in tl	i <i>story</i> I home economics teacher a farmer; husband was a menswear salesman; no neighborhood exposures; sister of Case 1; diagnosis confirmed at autopsy. 1989 spection found significantly damaged friable thermal insulation and friable surfacing material in the school.
Case 3 Type: Pleura	Sex: Female	Age: 63	Year of death: 1980		DC Occupation: Waitress trainer		DC Industry: Vocational school
Lifetime Occupational History 1932–1976 Hotel and restaun 1962–1976 Part-time teacher	upational History Hotel and restaurant waitress Part-time teacher in vocational scho	waitress rocational sc	chool; traveled 2–3	rimes	a week to state vocational	schools throughout No	pational History Hotel and restaurant waitress Hotel and restaurant waitress Partener in vocational school; traveled 2–3 times a week to state vocational schools throughout Northeastern Wisconsin to conduct Partener training courses
1977-1980 City Comments: Fath	City parking ramp cashier Father was a farmer and p	shier and part-tim	ne carpenter; unmai	rried; r	g ramp cashier and part-time carpenter; unmarried; no factories near home; status of any ACBM in schools unknown.	tus of any ACBM in sc	chouls unknown.
Case 4 Type: Pleura	Sex: Male	Age: 65	Year of death: 1980		DC Occupation: Music professor		DC Industry: University
Lifetime Occupational H 1935-1942 Drove taxi; 1942-1946 Traveled w 1947-1953 Completed 1953-1978 Professor occupation	upatlonal History Drove taxi; played piano in bands Traveled with armed services ban Completed college; obtained Mast Professor of music at a university Faither a history teacher; wife a te	ano in band services bar btained Max a universiti ber; wife a t	upatlonal History  Drove taxi; played piano in bands while in college  Traveled with armed services bands entertaining throughout Europe Completed college; obtained substers in Music; played piano in bands Professor of music at a university  Pather a history teacher; wife a teacher; no factories near home. Musi	rougho yed pia	ut Europe no in bands Irome. Music pructice roon	ms reported to have no	patlonal History Drove taxi; played piano in bands while in college Traveled with armed services bands entertaining throughout Europe Completed college; obtained Masters in Music; played piano in bands Panfested college; a university Panfested college; a university Panfested college with a pantersity that the properties of music properties to make the properties of music and panfest with the properties of music and panfest with the properties of music practice rooms reported to have neonsticul usbestos surfacing muterial;

promoted to the transfers of

DC Industry: Public schools

# (TABLE 9. Continued)

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DC Industry: School district DC Occupation: Teacher Year of death: 1980 Elementary school teacher in different district Age: 66 Taught all grades in rural school Elementary school teacher Office; secretarial work Sex: Female Lifetime Occupational History Cype: Pleura Comments: 1946-1955 1955-1977

Father was a farmer; husband ran a mink farm. Mastectomy in 1959; received radiation therapy. Mesothelioma on opposite side from mastectomy. 1989 AHERA inspections found friable thermal insulation and friable surfacing material in the schools she taught in in 1955-1977. Earlier school's ACBM status unknown,

Age: 81 Year of death: 1981 DC Occupation: School teacher Sex: Male Lifetime Occupational History Type: Pleura

Teacher at parochial schools in Texas, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Illinois, Minnesota, Wisconsin (history, math, Bible classes) Carpenter during summers working on renovation, remodeling and new residential jobs 1920-1974

DC Industry: Education

Comments: Father was a farmer; wife a teacher; no military service; no neighborhood exposures. Status of any ACBM in schools unknown.

Age: 48 Year of death: 1981 DC Occupation: Professor of architecture Sex: Male Type: Pleura

DC Industry: University University degree program; part-time work at a cement plant and electrical supplies wholesaler Summer construction work; driving wood pilings at dam sites Lifetime Occupational History 1953-1961

University professor of architecture; research on urban renewal Comments: 1961-1981

Father was an engineer; commercial building, federal government projects in the Tennessee valley. While at cement company, subject helped with the cleaning of an old closed cement plant. Wife is an architect; home not near factories. University office contained asbestos covered pipes since removed as part of an asbestos abatement project.

DC Occupation: Teacher

Age: 50 Year of death: 1984 Sex: Malc Lifetime Occupational History Type: Pleura

U.S. Army medic; EKG technician at Hawaii hospital Seaman on iron ore boats; coal passer Paper mill machine operator (Idaho) 1953-1954 1954-1955

1959-1966

College; part-time/full-time work for power plant; worked outside with coal piles and coal transport system. Cut up scrap metal with welding torch 1968-1984

Teacher: special education classes; football coach
Teacher: special education classes; football coach
Father ran shoe repair store. Wife reports the coach's room/office was in the basement of the school, had many pipes running through it from the boiler room nearby. Taught in same school as Case 10. 1989 AHERA inspection identified significantly damaged friable thermal insulation in all Comments:

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DC Industry: Secondary school

DC Occupation: Teacher

Year of death: 1985

Age: 80

Part-time Latin & history high school teacher

High school teacher (Latin) Sex: Female

Homemaker

1957-1960

1947-1956

Lifetime Occupational History

Type: Pleura

Father ran a retail store; family lived in apartment on 2nd floor above store, busement unused but did have boiler and pipes which may have been covered with asbestos; husband was a high school teacher; no factories near residence. Taught in same school as Case 10. 1989 AHERA inspection found significantly damaged thermal insulation and surfacing material in school Father was a railroad depot agent; husband a teacher; no environmental exposure. 1989 AHERA inspection identified friable thermal insulation in all schools subject taught in and significantly damaged surfacing material in one. Taught in the same school as Case 9 (1962-63) and Case 8 (1964-DC Industry: Education Sex; Female Age: 49 Year of death: 1986 DC Occupation: Home economics teacher Part-time Wisconsin high school teacher (home economics) Full-time Wisconsin high school teacher (home economics) North Dakota high school teacher (home economics) Wisconsin high school teacher (home economics) Full-time Latin & history high school teacher Interior decorator Lifetime Occupational History Type: Pleura Comments: 1962-1963 1964-1966 1966-1984 Comments: 1960-1967 1961-198

DC Industry: Elementary & high school Father a farmer; no neighborhood factories. 1989 AHERA inspections found friable thermal insulation in all schools subject taught in. Friable surfacing material in one school he began teaching at in 1973. No military service; father a farmer; no neighborhood industry. Status of ACBM in university unknown. DC Occupation: Teacher Electrical engineer; professor of mathematics at University Special education teacher traveling to all district schools Year of death: 1987 U.S. Army meteorologist in Vietnam and Germany Returned to school for reading specialist certificate Waiter in restaurant while in school Age: 43 Sex: Malc 6th grade teacher Lifetime Occupational History Type: Pleura Comments: Comments: 1964-1969 1920-1925 1925-1965 1970-1972 1972-1972 1973-1986 Case 12

DC Industry: University

DC Occupation: Professor emeritus

Age: 91 Year of death: 1987

Sex: Male

Type: Pleura

Lifetime Occupational History

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both sexes. The five years from 1984 to 1988 accounted for close to the same number of mesothelioma deaths (182) as occurred in the preceding 25 years (177). As seen in TABLE 3 nearly three-quarters of all cases occurred among males. The ratio of cases in males to those in females has doubled from 1.3 (1959–1973) to 2.8 (1974–1988) as the number of male cases increased earlier and more rapidly. Over the past decade (1979–1988), the ratio of male to female cases (3.0) has remained constant. The magnitude of the increase in cases among Wisconsin females, especially over the decade 1979–1988 is greater than that reported by others. These differences may partly be due to our inclusion of data from more recent years (1986–1988). This observation in Wisconsin is undergoing further investigation.

When TABLE 3 is compared with TABLE 4, it can be seen that over the period of CRS full implementation (1979–1988) the death-certificate-only data underestimated mesothelioma deaths by 24% among females and 17% among males. Histopathologic study of surgical biopsy or autopsy tissue was used to establish the final diagnosis in 99% of the CRS mesothelioma deaths.

## Mesothelioma Case Investigations

Epidemiologic analyses utilizing death-certificate characterization of usual occupation and industry have been useful in occupational and environmental health research.<sup>22</sup> We found usual occupation and industry as listed on the Wisconsin death certificate a useful starting point in identifying individuals for further investigation who were likely to have performed maintenance work or taught school for significant periods.

While the listing of maintenance work on the death certificate was confirmed by the in-depth interviews, it must be kept in mind that in the mesothelioma surveillance system there are certainly more individuals who had performed maintenance tasks than are discussed here. It is likely that instances occur where maintenance was not considered the usual occupation of the individual by the physician completing the certificate of death. The full assessment of the contribution of maintenance work to the occurrence of mesothelioma in Wisconsin will not be known until we have gathered full lifetime occupational histories on all the mesothelioma surveillance system reports.

We conclude that in the absence of access to complete lifetime occupational histories, usual occupation and industry as listed on the death certificate are useful in identifying individuals who are likely to have spent significant proportions of their employment in the identified occupation and industry, but will miss others with short-term employment which may add to the cumulative risk of disease.

### Maintenance Employment

Building or industrial plant facility maintenance work often requires skills in multiple trades (such as plumbing, carpentry, painting, electrical work, and pipe and boiler repair and maintenance). We found that in 23 of the 29 cases, the work performed was of such a general nature.

Given the diversity of skills needed, it is not surprising that many of the maintenance workers had also worked in the construction industry and that five had worked in shipyards. General construction work has been identified as a possible source of intermittent asbestos and could have added to the cumulative lifetime asbestos exposure of our cases.<sup>23-25</sup>

All of the maintenance workers were likely to have performed tasks around thermal asbestos materials. It was commonly reported that periodic maintenance of boilers and pipes was performed either by the individuals or in their vicinity. Mention of acoustical or surfacing material was less common.

The patients reported in cases 7 and 10 in TABLE 5 were employed at the same university facility, which was known to have friable thermal and acoustical ACBM. A similar situation was described in the school district in which the patients in cases 2 and 4 in TABLE 5 had both worked. It is unlikely that these

clusters are due to chance alone.

An unexpected observation was that four (17%) of the patients had served 4-year enlistments in the U.S. Navy. Two (one a boilerman and the other an engineer) spent time in the engine room and were probably exposed to asbestos aboard ship. The other two served aboard ship and may also have been indirectly exposed. A recent report of the mortality of United Kingdom military serviceman (those with more than 5 years of service) found an excess of mesothelioma among the Royal Navy servicemen (7 cases of mesothelioma). Asbestos diseases have also been reported among long-term merchant seamen. Asbestos diseases have consider military service when investigating possible sources of asbestos exposure when mesothelioma develops.

# School Teachers

This is the first report that systematically investigates possible sources of asbestos exposure among school teachers with mesothelioma. In 9 of the 12 cases, the only potential source of asbestos exposure identified was in-place ACBM.

It was unexpected to find two teachers who were sisters. The occurrence of more than one mesothelioma in a family is a very rare event. The world medical literature contains less than 10 reports of family clustering of mesothelioma. <sup>29,30</sup> In each instance, exposure to asbestos (occupational and/or environmental) has been identified. The two sisters in our series fit the pattern described in these reports—sharing a similar tumor site and histology. It was postulated by both Martensson and Lynch that a hereditary predisposing factor may exist which is especially sensitive to induction by asbestos. If such is the case, our sisters probably received their induction dose of asbestos from ACBM within their schools. AHERA reports indicate that friable thermal and surfacing material were present in the school of one of the sisters. The school in which the other sister taught no longer exists and no information is currently available whether ACBM was in the school.

Considering the rarity of mesothelioma and the more than 3,000 schools in the state, it was unexpected to find two school clusters of two cases among the 12 teachers investigated. In both instances significantly damaged thermal and surfacing ACBM was present in 1988-89. The status of ACBM at the time the teachers were in the schools is unknown.

### CONCLUSION

Our investigation of mesothelioma cases in Wisconsin with school, residential, commercial and factory maintenance and repair employment identified asbestos exposure in every instance. For most, the opportunities for asbestos exposure came from multiple jobs, including maintenance work. However, in 10 (34%), the only identifiable likely source of asbestos exposure was to in-place ACBM, probably intermittently disturbed while maintenance activities were performed. We

conclude that building maintenance workers are at increased risk to develop mesothelioma from exposure to in-place ACBM.

We report 12 mesothelioma deaths among school teachers. For 9, the only likely source of asbestos exposure was to in-place ACBM. Two teachers, with similar peritoneal mesotheliomas, were sisters. All previous sibling clustering of mesothelioma reports have identified asbestos exposure to the siblings. This suggests that our two teachers must have been exposed to asbestos, most likely during each of their 40+ years of teaching.

Especially for the maintenance staff in the public school buildings, the high prevalence (36%) of significantly damaged friable thermal insulation described in our AHERA plan reviews represents a serious concern and underscores the need for strict operations and maintenance programs including repair and/or removal of such material. Rapid implementation of rigorous operations and maintenance programs is needed to prevent future asbestos exposure to the large existing maintenance work force and the even larger population of building residents whose health may be jeopardized by episodic environmental contamination by inadequate maintenance and operational precautions.

### **SUMMARY**

The occurrence of mesothelioma is a sentinel event in occupational and environmental disease. A mesothelioma surveillance system was established utilizing existing computerized Wisconsin vital statistics data maintained since 1959 and a Cancer Reporting System (CRS) established in 1978.

Review of the death certificate listing of usual occupation and industry from 487 mesothelioma deaths in Wisconsin from 1959 to 1989 led to the investigation of 41 persons with likely exposure to inplace asbestos-containing building materials (ACBM): 12 school teachers, 10 school maintenance employees, 7 public building maintenance workers, 5 private building maintenance workers, and 7 commercial and factory workers performing maintenance activities.

For 10 (34%) of the 29 maintenance workers the only source of asbestos exposure identified was their maintenance work. For five (17%) histories indicated some prior employment in occupations and industries with probable asbestos exposures. Opportunities for indirect occupational exposure were identified for ten who had been employed in the residential construction industry. One maintenance worker was exposed to asbestos in the household and another had neighborhood exposure.

For 9 (75%) of the school teachers, the only identifiable potential source of asbestos exposure was derived from in-place ACBM in schools. One teacher had spent a season in the merchant marine aboard an iron ore—hauling ship and 2 had worked in the residential construction industry. Two of the teachers were sisters, and in two instances, two teachers had taught in the same school facility.

We conclude that individuals occupationally exposed to in-place ACBM are at risk for the subsequent development of mesothelioma.

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